IN THE CLAIMS

Please amend the claims as follows.

- 1. (Currently Amended) An apparatus for reducing a magnitude of a rate of current change of an integrated circuit, comprising:
 - a control stage that generates a control signal dependent on indicative of whether power consumption by the integrated circuit needs to be reduced; and
 - a counter stage that inputs the control signal and generates a plurality of sequential signals to a plurality of transistors, wherein the plurality of transistors source current from a power supply.
- 2. (Original) The apparatus of claim 1, wherein the counter stage sequentially disables the plurality of transistors to cause a gradual reduction in an amount of current sourced from the power supply.
- 3. (Original) The apparatus of claim 2, wherein the counter stage enables the plurality of transistors when power consumption by the integrated circuit does not need to be reduced.
- 4. (Original) The apparatus of claim 1, wherein the plurality of transistors are each one selected from the group consisting of a p-type transistor and a n-type transistor.

- 5. (Currently Amended) A circuit for reducing a rate of current change of a microprocessor, comprising:
 - a control stage that is connected to a power terminal and a ground terminal, wherein the control stage generates a control signal that is indicative of whether power consumption by the microprocessor needs to be reduced; and
 - a counter stage that inputs the control signal and a clock signal, wherein the counter stage generates a first signal to a gate terminal of a first transistor.
- 6. (Original) The circuit of claim 5, wherein the first transistor has a terminal connected to power and another terminal connected to ground, and wherein the first transistor sources current from power to ground.
- 7. (Original) The circuit of claim 5, wherein the counter stage generates a second signal to a gate terminal of a second transistor.
- 8. (Original) The circuit of claim 7, wherein the second transistor has a terminal connected to power and another terminal connected to ground, and wherein the second transistor sources current from power to ground.
- 9. (Original) The circuit of claim 5, wherein the counter stage generates a last signal to a gate terminal of a last transistor.

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10. (Original) The circuit of claim 9, wherein the last transistor has a terminal connected to power and another terminal connected to ground, and wherein the last transistor sources current from power to ground.